Emergency Responders' Training in Working with Individuals with Disabilities

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Background

- Disability is common in modern society (Boyle et al., 2011)
- Law enforcement receives little training in how to effectively serve and interact with individuals with disabilities (McAfee & Musso, 1995)
- Little research available on training that other first responders receive
- Lack of training can have devastating impacts, up to and including death
 - Paul Childs (Osborn, 2008)
 - Evacuation during natural disasters (Interagency Coordinating Council on Emergency Preparedness and Individuals with Disabilities, 2006)

Purpose

- RQ1: What training do first responders in Connecticut receive on characteristics of individuals with disabilities and on how to effectively interact with these individuals on the job?
- RQ2: Do first responders feel adequately prepared for interactions with individuals with disabilities?
- RQ3: Is disability training for first responders useful in helping them to better serve individuals with disabilities in their communities?[Brief description of your research- what was your main research question? Why did you decide to research this topic?

Methods

- Recruitment: E-mailed surveys to employees listed under the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection on CT.gov
 - Inclusion criteria: Commission on Fire Prevention and Control, CT State Police, or Police Officer Standards and Training Council
 - Exclusion criteria: working at a different agency under the Dept. of Emergency Services and Public Protection
 - Final sample *n*=65
- Analysis
 - Descriptive Statistics
 - Chi-square

RQ1: What training do first responders receive?



Have you received training in interacting with individuals with...?



RQ2: Do first responders feel adequately prepared?



RQ3: Is disability training for first responders useful?



RQ3: Is disability training for first responders useful?



Discussion

- Training appears inadequate
 - Only 40% found the training they received very or extremely useful; 40% stated their training was inadequate, and 14% stated they weren't sure
 - Training primarily given in less effective ways; interaction rare
 - Primarily focuses on major mental illnesses, intellectual disability, and ASD
- Limitations
 - No fire safety officials responded; primarily descriptive; entirely self-report
- Future directions
 - Address limitations around self-report and lack of fire safety officials
 - Provide training for law enforcement officials and study effectiveness
 - Policy advocacy

References

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QUESTIONS?